Back to School with

ASTHMA and COV





percentage of asthma attacks that are caused by viral infections

Normally, back to school means the return of germ swapping and a dramatic increase in serious asthma attacks known as the September **Epidemic**. COVID-19 has changed back to school and has focused attention on how to avoid catching infections.

Watch for COVID-19 Symptoms in Children

MOST COMMON

- Fever
- · Cough
- Shortness
- of breath

LESS COMMON

- Fatique
- · Nasal
- congestion
- · Diarrhea
- Abdominal pain
- Vomiting

- Nausea
- · Chills or shaking chills
- · Muscle pain
- Headache
- New loss of taste or smell

- 10 Protection Tips Wash hands or use hand sanitizer often, especially for COVID-19 before eating and touching the face and after coughing, sneezing and using the restroom.
- Don't touch your face with unwashed hands.
- Cover your mouth with a tissue or the crook of your elbow when sneezing and coughing. Wear a mask in public places, including
 - school buildings.
- Follow social distancing guidelines. Replace hugs and handshakes with elbow
 - or foot bumping, a head nod, slight bow or other no-touch greetings. Keep your fingernails short and clean
 - to keep germs at bay. Stay home when you have symptoms

 - Clean and disinfect frequently of COVID-19.
 - touched surfaces.
 - 10. Stay up-to-date on including the fluvaccine. immunizations

Stay on Top of Asthma

- I. Follow an Asthma Action Plan.
- 2. Monitor breathing and peak flow rates.
- 3. Consistently use asthma and allergy medications, even when symptom free.
- 4. Minimize environmental triggers.
- 5. Keep medication refills on hand.
- 6. Keep asthma medication and peak flow meter at school.

Asthma by the Numbers

school days missed annually due to asthma



missed annually due to asthma

of all children's asthma hospitalizations happen in September



njhealth.org 1.877.CALL NJH (1.877.225.5654)



National Jewish

Breathing Science is Life.